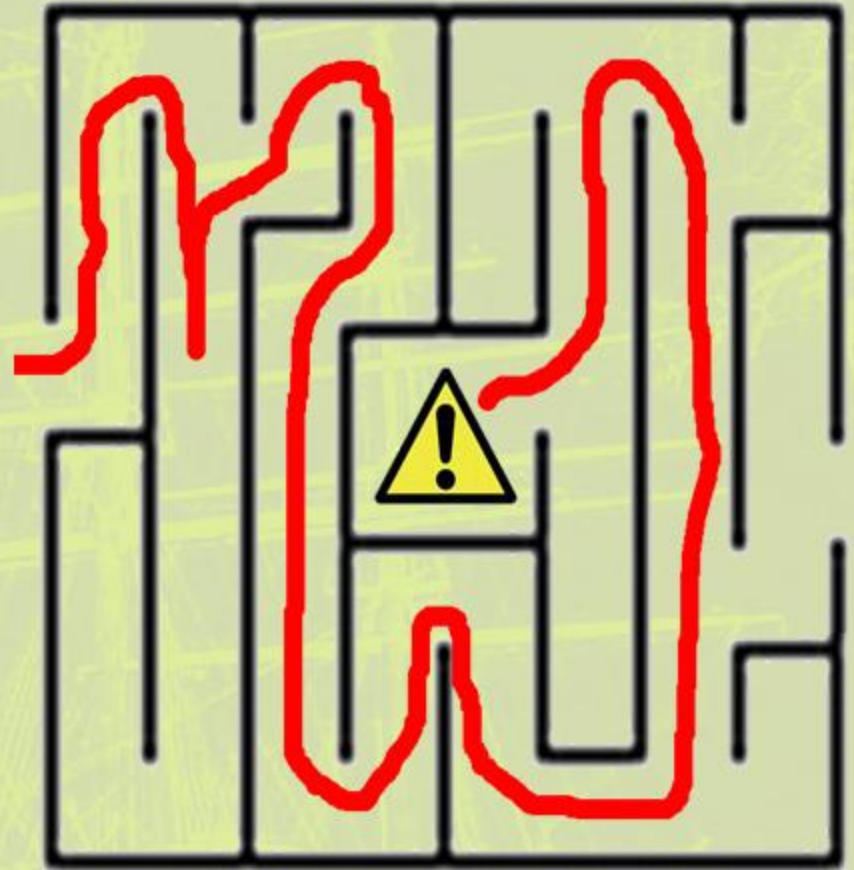


Quipping

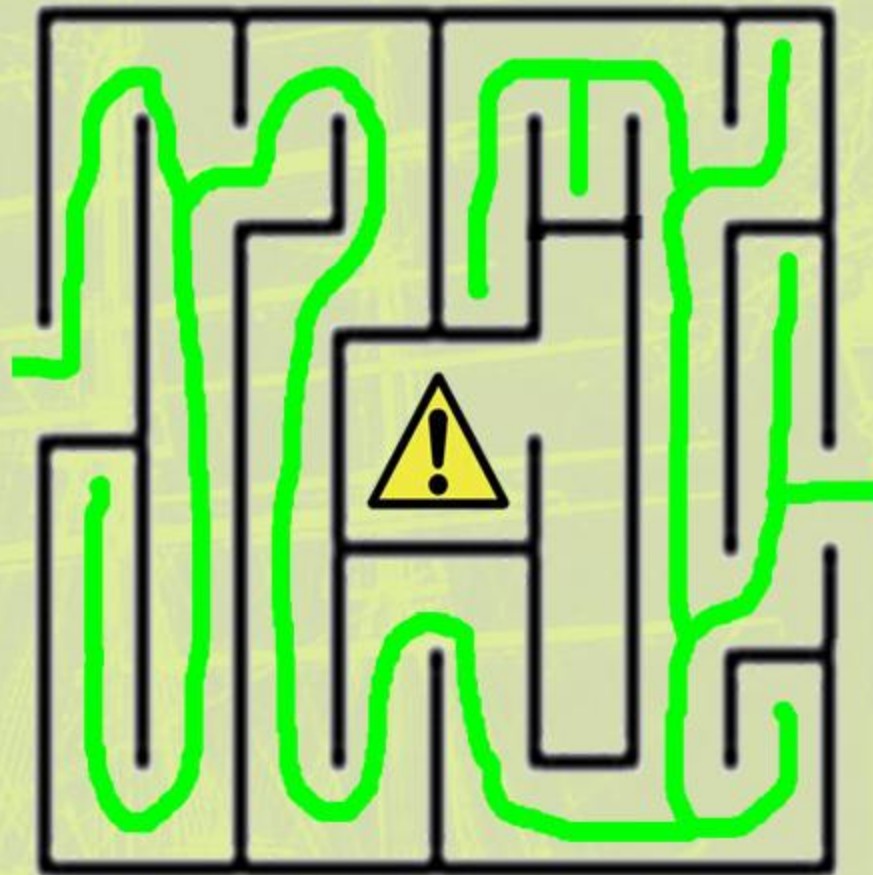
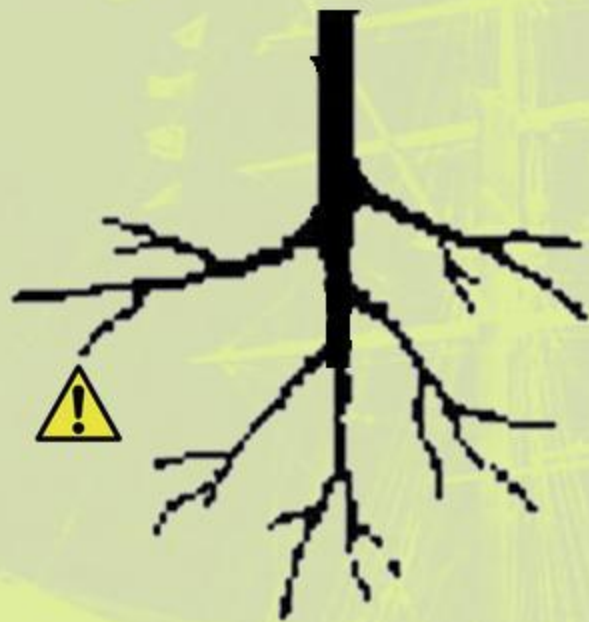
adam bakewell

university of birmingham

model checking for unsafety



model checking for safety





```
1. button : bool,
2. wait, crash : com
3. |-
4. macro NorthSouth 0 in macro EastWest 1 in
5. new nat ns := 0 in new nat ew := 0 in

6. let off be fun d:nat . if d=NorthSouth then ns := 0 else ew := 0 in

7. let on be fun d:nat . assert (if d=NorthSouth then ew=0 else ns=0) crash;
8.   if d=NorthSouth then ns := 1 else ew := 1 in

9. on(EastWest);

10. while 1 do {
11.   new nat timer := 10 in
12.   new nat zebra := 0 in
13.   while timer > 0 do {
14.     wait;
15.     timer := timer - 1;
16.     if button then {
17.       zebra := zebra + 1;
18.       new nat timer1 := zebra in
19.       while timer > 0 & timer1 > 0 do {
20.         wait;
21.         timer1 := timer1 - 1;
22.         timer := timer - 1};
23.       if timer > 0 then {
24.         off(EastWest);
25.         new nat timer2 := 3 in
26.         while timer2 > 0 do {
27.           wait;
28.           timer2 := timer2 - 1};
29.         on(EastWest) } };
30.   off(EastWest); on(NorthSouth);

31.   new nat timer := 10 in
32.   new nat zebra := 0 in
33.   while timer > 0 do {
34.     wait;
35.     timer := timer - 1;
36.     if button then {
37.       zebra := zebra + 1;
38.       new nat timer1 := zebra in
39.       while timer > 0 & timer1 > 0 do {
40.         wait;
41.         timer1 := timer1 - 1;
42.         timer := timer - 1};
43.       if timer > 0 then {
44.         off(NorthSouth);
45.         new nat timer2 := 3 in
46.         while timer2 > 0 do {
47.           wait;
48.           timer2 := timer2 - 1};
49.         on(NorthSouth) } };
50.   off(NorthSouth); on(EastWest) }
```

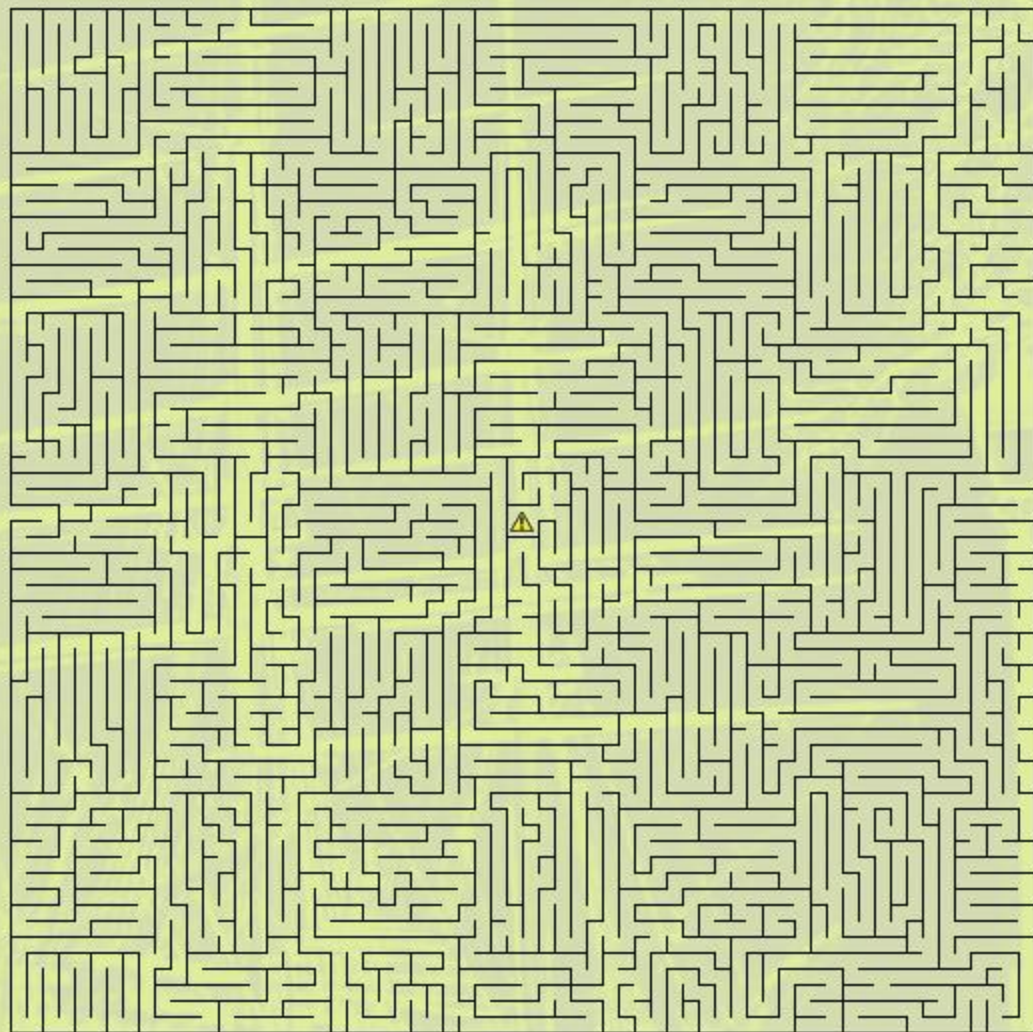
state explosion



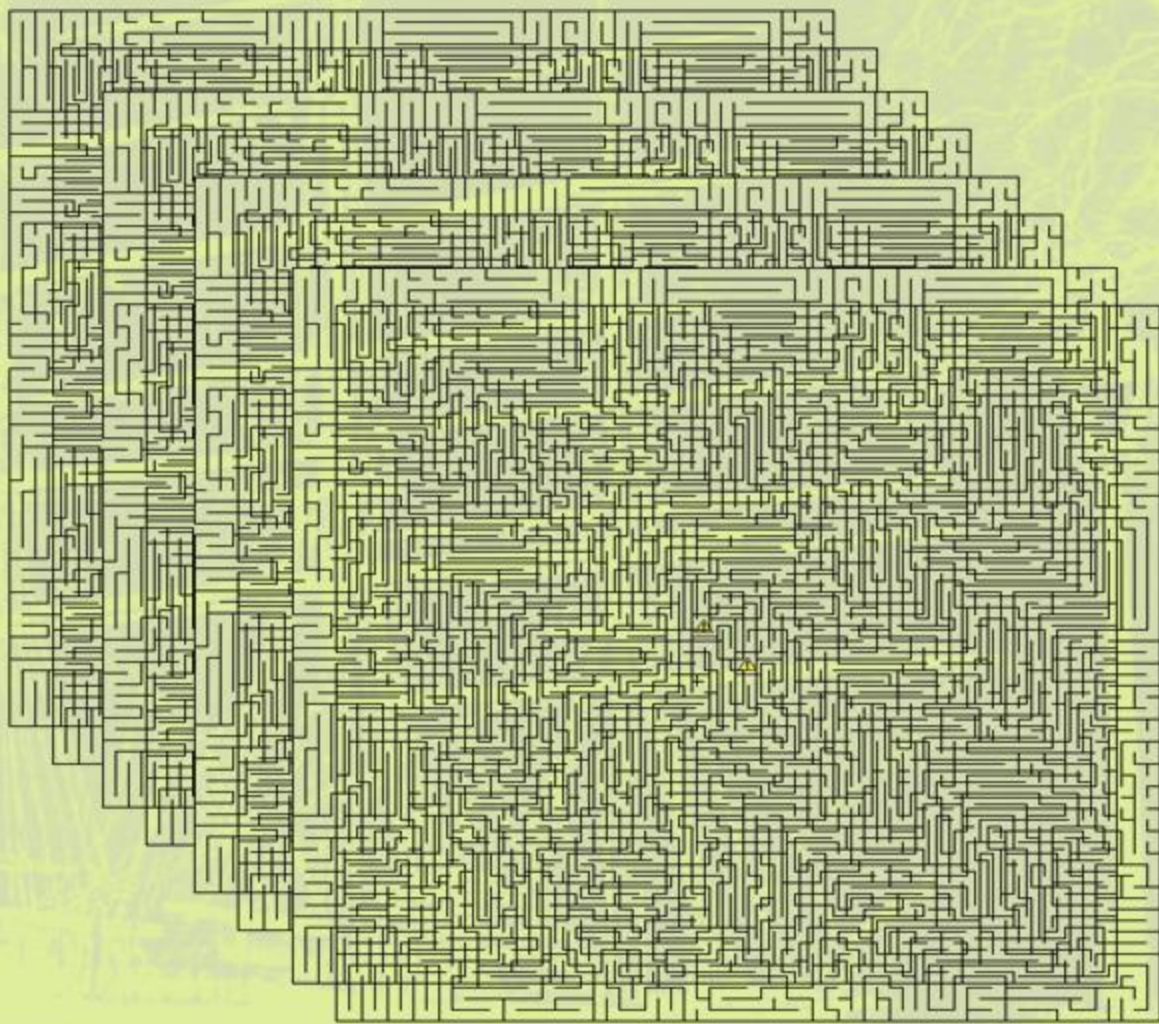
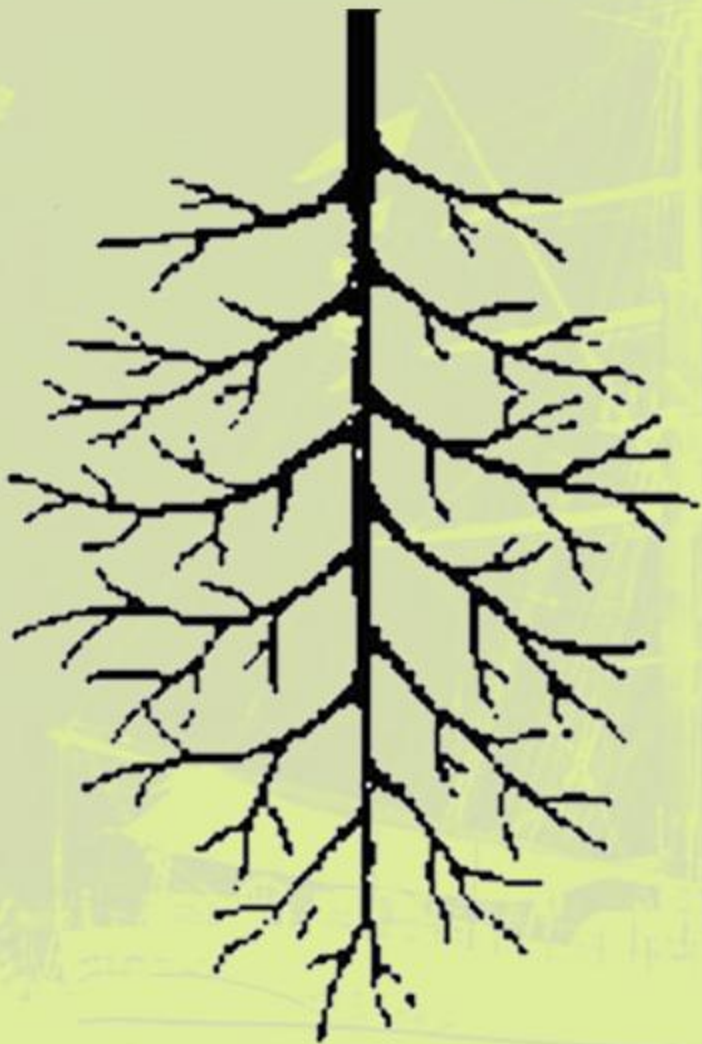
state explosion



state explosion



state explosion





```
1. button : bool,  
2. wait, crash : com  
3. |-  
4. macro NorthSouth 0 in macro EastWest 1 in  
5. new nat ns := 0 in new nat ew := 0 in  
6. let off be fun d:nat . if d=NorthSouth then ns := 0 else ew := 0 in  
7. let on be fun d:nat . assert (if d=NorthSouth then ew=0 else ns=0) crash;  
8. if d=NorthSouth then ns := 1 else ew := 1 in  
9. on(EastWest);  
10. while 1 do {  
11.   new nat timer := 10 in  
12.   new nat zebra := 0 in  
13.   while timer > 0 do {  
14.     wait;  
15.     timer := timer - 1 ;  
16.     off(EastWest); on(NorthSouth);  
17.     off(NorthSouth); on(EastWest) }
```

0001 traces





0056 traces


```
1. button : bool;
2. wait, crash : com
3. |-
4. macro NorthSouth 0 in macro EastWest 1 in
5. new nat ns := 0 in new nat ew := 0 in
6. let off be fun d:nat . if d=NorthSouth then ns := 0 else ew := 0 in
7. let on be fun d:nat . assert (if d=NorthSouth then ew=0 else ns=0) crash;
8. if d=NorthSouth then ns := 1 else ew := 1 in
9. on(EastWest);
10. while 1 do {
11.   new nat timer := 10 in
12.   new nat zebra := 0 in
13.   while timer > 0 do {
14.     wait;
15.     timer := timer - 1;
16.     if button then {
17.       zebra := zebra + 1;
18.       if timer > 0 then {
19.         off(EastWest);
20.         on(EastWest) } };
21.     off(EastWest); on(NorthSouth);
22.     off(NorthSouth); on(EastWest) }
```



0075 traces

```
1. button : bool;
2. wait, crash : com
3. |-
4. macro NorthSouth 0 in macro EastWest 1 in
5. new nat ns := 0 in new nat ew := 0 in
6. let off be fun d:nat . if d=NorthSouth then ns := 0 else ew := 0 in
7. let on be fun d:nat . assert (if d=NorthSouth then ew=0 else ns=0) crash;
8.   if d=NorthSouth then ns := 1 else ew := 1 in
9. on(EastWest);
10. while 1 do {
11.   new nat timer := 10 in
12.   new nat zebra := 0 in
13.   while timer > 0 do {
14.     wait;
15.     timer := timer - 1;
16.     if button then {
17.       zebra := zebra + 1;
18.       new nat timer1 := zebra in
19.       while timer > 0 & timer1 > 0 do {
20.         wait;
21.         timer1 := timer1 - 1;
22.         timer := timer - 1;
23.         if timer > 0 then {
24.           off(EastWest);
25.           on(EastWest) } };
26.         off(EastWest); on(NorthSouth);
27.         off(NorthSouth); on(EastWest) }
```

0095 traces



```
1. button : bool,
2. wait, crash : com
3. |-
4. macro NorthSouth 0 in macro EastWest 1 in
5. new nat ns := 0 in new nat ew := 0 in
6. let off be fun d:nat . if d=NorthSouth then ns := 0 else ew := 0 in
7. let on be fun d:nat . assert (if d=NorthSouth then ew=0 else ns=0) crash;
8.   if d=NorthSouth then ns := 1 else ew := 1 in
9. on(EastWest);
10. while 1 do {
11.   new nat timer := 10 in
12.   new nat zebra := 0 in
13.   while timer > 0 do {
14.     wait;
15.     timer := timer - 1;
16.     if button then {
17.       zebra := zebra + 1;
18.       new nat timer1 := zebra in
19.       while timer > 0 & timer1 > 0 do {
20.         wait;
21.         timer1 := timer1 - 1;
22.         timer := timer - 1;
23.       if timer > 0 then {
24.         off(EastWest);
25.         new nat timer2 := 3 in
26.         while timer2 > 0 do {
27.           wait;
28.           timer2 := timer2 - 1;
29.           on(EastWest) } };
30. off(EastWest); on(NorthSouth);
31. off(NorthSouth); on(EastWest) }
```



3785 traces

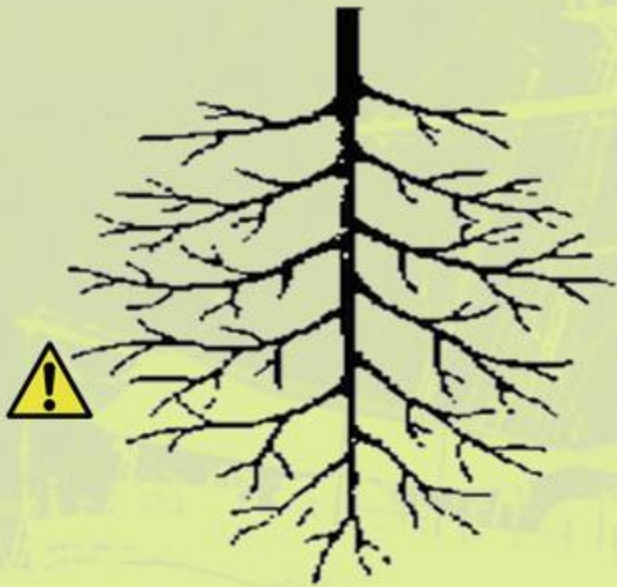
```
1. button : bool;
2. wait, crash : com
3. |-
4. macro NorthSouth 0 in macro EastWest 1 in
5. new nat ns := 0 in new nat ew := 0 in
6. let off be fun d:nat . if d=NorthSouth then ns := 0 else ew := 0 in
7. let on be fun d:nat . assert (if d=NorthSouth then ew=0 else ns=0) crash;
8. if d=NorthSouth then ns := 1 else ew := 1 in
9. on(EastWest);
10. while 1 do {
11.   new nat timer := 10 in
12.   new nat zebra := 0 in
13.   while timer > 0 do {
14.     wait;
15.     timer := timer - 1;
16.     if button then {
17.       zebra := zebra + 1;
18.       new nat timer1 := zebra in
19.       while timer > 0 & timer1 > 0 do {
20.         wait;
21.         timer1 := timer1 - 1;
22.         timer := timer - 1;
23.       }
24.       if timer > 0 then {
25.         off(EastWest);
26.         new nat timer2 := 3 in
27.         while timer2 > 0 do {
28.           wait;
29.           timer2 := timer2 - 1;
30.         }
31.         on(EastWest) } };
32. off(EastWest); on(NorthSouth);
33. new nat timer := 10 in
34. new nat zebra := 0 in
35. while timer > 0 do {
36.   wait;
37.   timer := timer - 1;
38.   if button then {
39.     zebra := zebra + 1;
40.     new nat timer1 := zebra in
41.     while timer > 0 & timer1 > 0 do {
42.       wait;
43.       timer1 := timer1 - 1;
44.       timer := timer - 1;
45.     }
46.     if timer > 0 then {
47.       off(NorthSouth);
48.       new nat timer2 := 3 in
49.       while timer2 > 0 do {
50.         wait;
51.         timer2 := timer2 - 1;
52.       }
53.       on(NorthSouth) } };
54. off(NorthSouth); on(EastWest) }
```

abstraction

- The answer: abstract the model and check only the remaining tricky part not taken out by the general proven principle embodied by the abstraction
- The skill: abstraction design and application
- but, wait a minute...
- Could we just abstract the program and leave everything else the same?

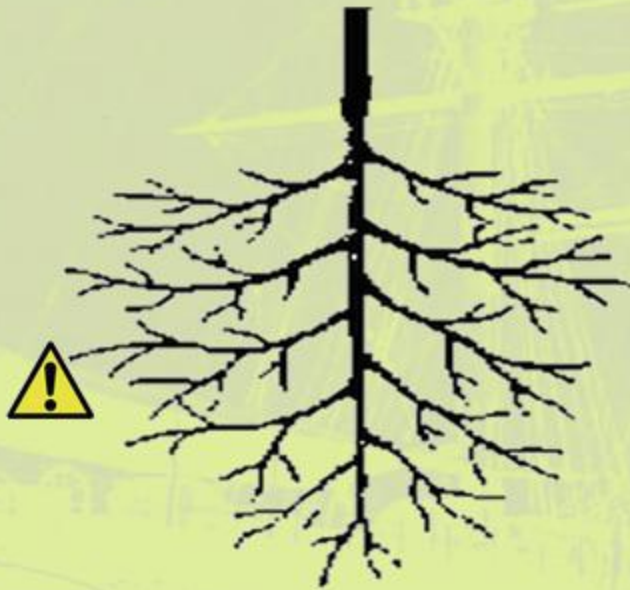
clipping

- Clip subterms not containing targets



clipping

- Clip subterms not containing targets



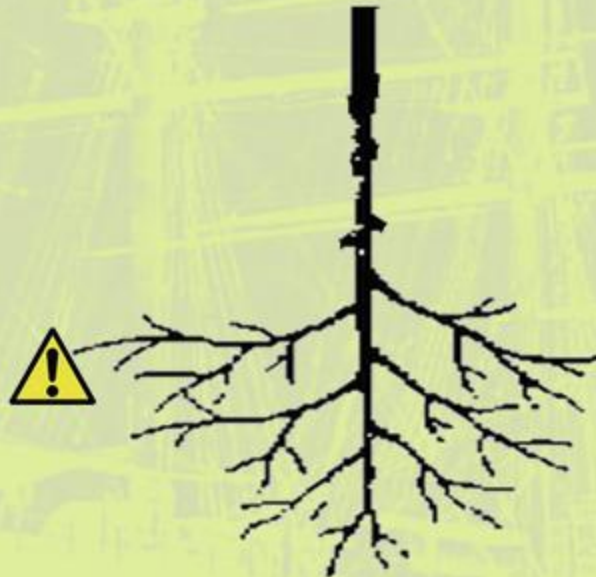
clipping

- Clip subterms not containing targets



clipping

- Clip subterms not containing targets



clipping

- Clip subterms not containing targets



clipping

- Clip subterms not containing targets



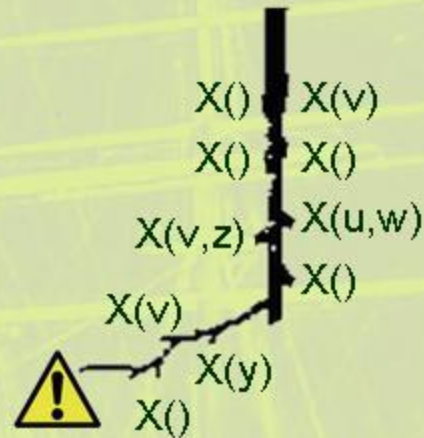
clipping

- Clip subterms not containing targets



stumping

- Replace clipped subterms with stump $X(v_1, \dots, v_n)$





```
1. b button : bool,
2. v wait, crash : com
3. |-
4. macro NorthSouth 0 in macro EastWest 1 in
5. n new bool ns !X1(ns); new bool ew! . X2(ew);
6. let off be fun d:nat . if d=NorthSouth then ns := 0 else ew := 0 in
7. let on be fun d:nat . assert (if d=NorthSouth then ew=0 else ns=0) crash;
8. if d=NorthSouth then ns := 1 else ew := 1 in
9. o if X3(ns) then crash else X4(ew)
10. v while 1 do {
11. n new nat timer = X5(timer);
12. n new nat zebra = X6(zebra);
13. v while X7(timer) do {
14. v X8(timer,wait);
15. timer = timer - 1;
16. if if button then {
17. z X9(zebra,wait); 1;
18. new nat timer1 = zebra in
19. while timer > 0 & timer1 > 0 do {
20. wait;
21. timer1 := timer1 - 1;
22. timer = timer - 1};
23. if if X10(timer) then {
24. o X11(ew,wait);
25. new nat timer2 := 3 in
26. while timer2 > 0 do {
27. wait;
28. timer2 := timer2 - 1};
29. o if X12(ns) then crash else X13(ew)}};
30. o X14(ew); if X15(ew) then crash else X16(ns)
31. n new nat timer = X17(timer);
32. n new nat zebra = X18(zebra);
33. v while X19(timer) do {
34. v X20(timer,wait);
35. timer = timer - 1;
36. if if button then {
37. z X21(zebra,wait); 1;
38. new nat timer1 = zebra in
39. while timer > 0 & timer1 > 0 do {
40. wait;
41. timer1 := timer1 - 1;
42. timer = timer - 1};
43. if if X22(timer) then {
44. o X23(ns,wait);
45. new nat timer2 := 3 in
46. while timer2 > 0 do {
47. wait;
48. timer2 := timer2 - 1};
49. o if X24(ew) then crash else X25(ns)}};
50. o X26(ns); if X27(ns) then crash else X28(ew) }
```



```
1. button bebl;
2. wait crash com
3. |-
4. macro NorthSouth 0 in macro EastWest 1 in
5. new nat ns := 0 in new nat ew := 0 in
   new nat ns := X1(ns), new nat ew := X2(ew);

6. let off be fun d:nat . if d=NorthSouth then ns := 0 else ew := 0 in

7. let on be fun d:nat . assert (if d=NorthSouth then ew=0 else ns=0) crash;
8.   if d=NorthSouth then ns := 1 else ew := 1 in

9. on(EastWest);
   if X3(ns) then crash else X4(ew)

10. while 1 do {
11.   new nat timer := 10 in
12.   new nat zebra := 0 in
13.   while timer > 0 do {
14.     wait X7(timer, wait);
15.     timer := timer - 1;
16.     if button then {
17.       zebra := zebra + 1;
18.       new nat timer1 := zebra in
19.       while timer > 0 & timer1 > 0 do {
20.         wait;
21.         timer1 := timer1 - 1;
22.         timer := timer - 1;
23.         if timer > 0 then {
24.           off(EastWest);
25.           new nat timer2 := 3 in
26.           while timer2 > 0 do {
27.             wait;
28.             timer2 := timer2 - 1;
29.             on(EastWest);
30.             off(EastWest);
           }
         }
       }
     }
   }

31.   new nat timer := 10 in
32.   new nat zebra := 0 in
33.   while timer > 0 do {
34.     wait X10(timer, wait);
35.     timer := timer - 1;
36.     if button then {
37.       zebra := zebra + 1;
38.       new nat timer1 := zebra in
39.       while timer > 0 & timer1 > 0 do {
40.         wait;
41.         timer1 := timer1 - 1;
42.         timer := timer - 1;
43.         if timer > 0 then {
44.           off(NorthSouth);
45.           new nat timer2 := 3 in
46.           while timer2 > 0 do {
47.             wait;
48.             timer2 := timer2 - 1;
49.             on(NorthSouth);
50.             off(NorthSouth);
           }
         }
       }
     }
   }

   if X24(ew) then crash else X25(ns));
   off(NorthSouth); on(EastWest);
   if X26(ns), if X27(ns) then crash else X28(ew) }
```




button : bool,
wait, crash : com

|-

new bool ns . X1(ns); new bool ew . X2(ew);
if X3(ns) then crash else X4(ew)

while 1 do {

new nat timer . X5(timer);

new nat zebra . X6(zebra);

while X7(timer) do {

X8(timer,wait);

if button then {

X9(zebra,wait);

if X10(timer) then {

X11(ew,wait);

if X12(ns) then crash else X13(ew)}}};

X14(ew); if X15(ew) then crash else X16(ns)

new nat

new nat

while X1

X20(tir

if butto

X21(z

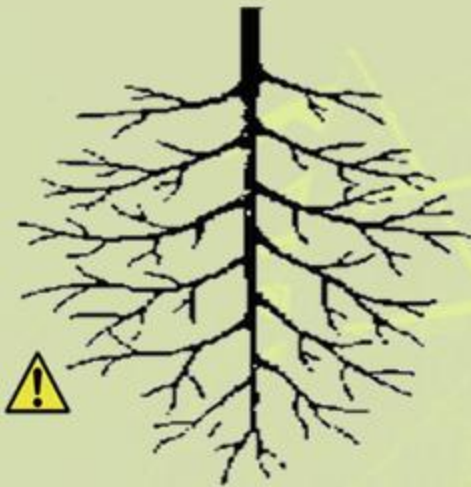
if X22

X23

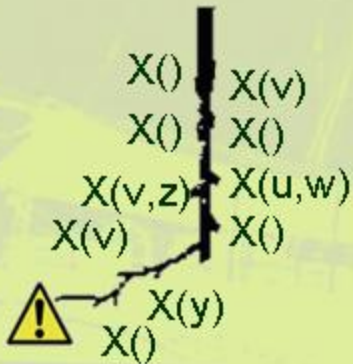
if X2

X26(ns)

clipping safety property



safe



safe

Clipping safety property proof

- Every trace to target assert in unclipped model – plus stump moves – appears in clipped model
- i.e. $X(v_1, \dots, v_n)$ overapproximates
(M where $fv(M) = \{v_1, \dots, v_n\}$)
- With non-denotational models the stumps would be a language extension – model pieces in the program - with denotational (e.g. game) models they are just id's



button : bool,
wait, crash : com

|-

```
new bool ns . X1(ns); new bool ew . X2(ew);  
if X3(ns) then crash else X4(ew)
```

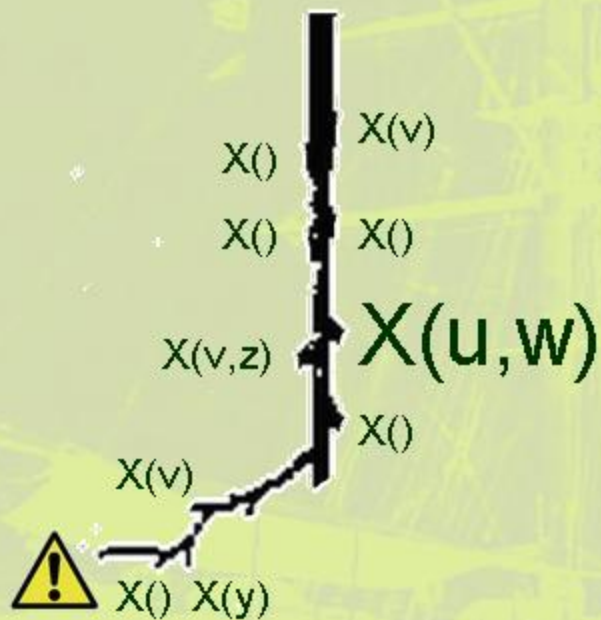
CEX: .q,X1.q,X1.ok,X2.q,X2.ok,X3.q,X3.tt,crash.q

unknown safety!

grow back



1. Choose stump $X(v_1, \dots, v_n)$ from CEX



grow back



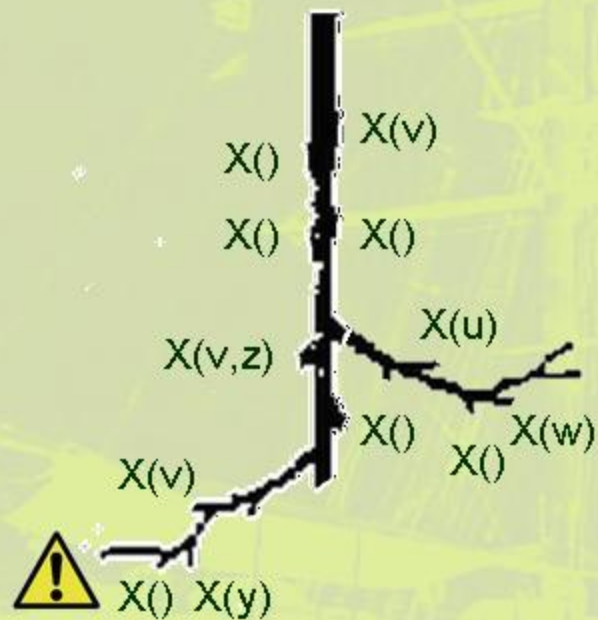
2. Get subterm M replaced by stump



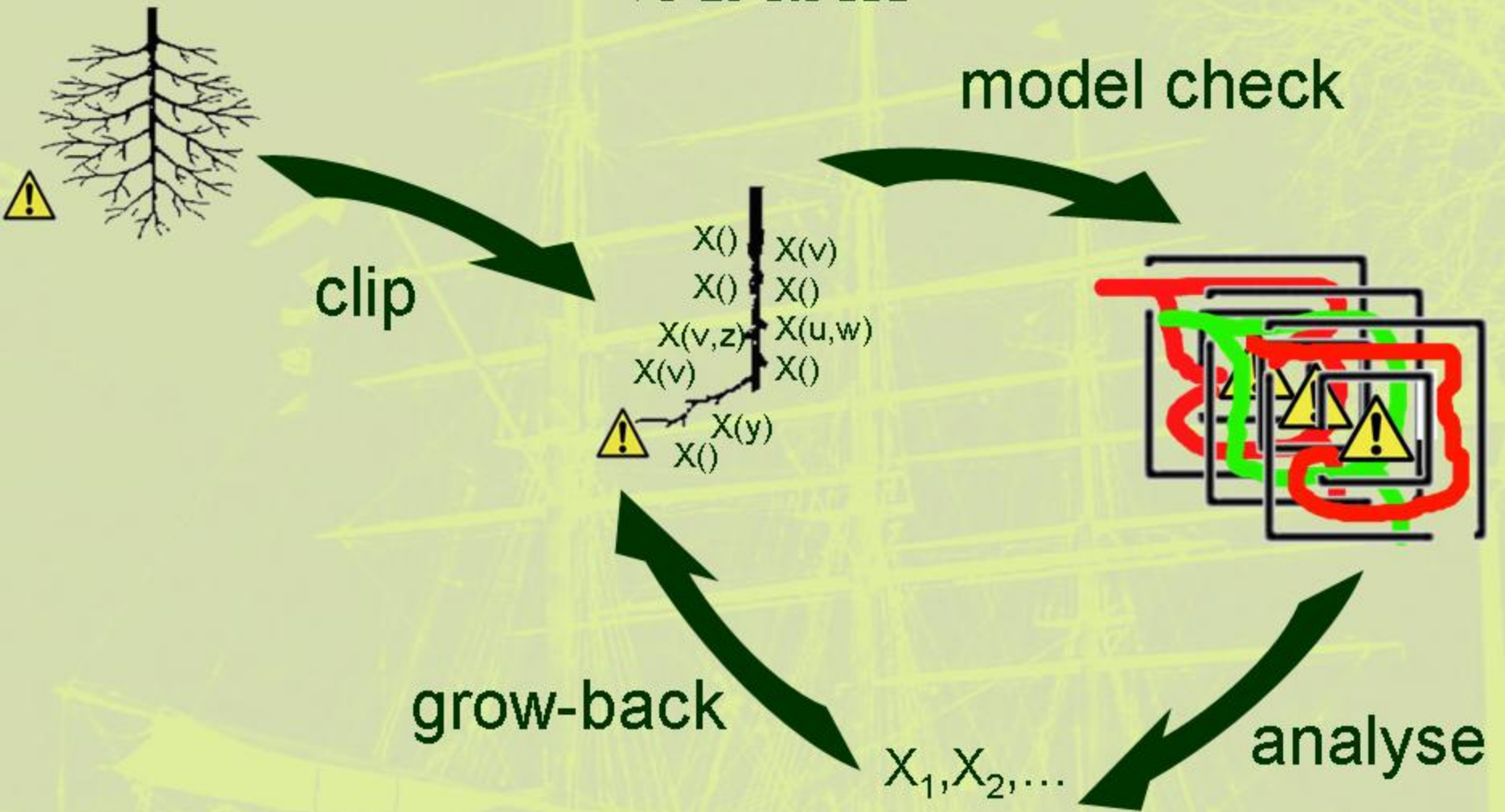
grow back



3. clip M (target some leaf) and graft



CEGAR





new bool ns . X1(ns); new bool ew . X2(ew);
if X3(ns) then crash else X4(ew)

CEX: .q,X1.q,X1.ok,X2.q,X2.ok,X3.q,X3.tt,crash.q

new bool ns . X1(ns); new bool ew . X2(ew);
if ns != 0 then crash else X4(ew)

CEX:X1.q,X1.0.1,ns.1,ns.ok,X1.0.ok,X1.ok,X2.q,X
2.ok,X3.q,X3.tt,crash.q

new bool ns := 0; new bool ew . X2(ew);
if X3(ns) then crash else X4(ew)

CEX: X2.q,X2.ok,X3.q,X3.tt,crash.q

new bool ns . X1(ns); new bool ew := 0;
if X3(ns) then crash else X4(ew)

CEX: X1.q,X1.ok,X3.q,X3.tt,crash.q

new bool ns := 0; new bool ew := 0;
if X3(ns) then crash else X4(ew)

CEX: X3.q,X3.tt,crash.q

new bool ns := 0; new bool ew . X2(ew);
if ns != 0 then crash else X4(ew)

SAFE

new bool ns . X1(ns); new bool ew := 0;
if ns != 0 then crash else X4(ew)

CEX:X1.q,X1.0.1,ns.1,ns.ok,X1.0.ok,
X1.ok,X3.q,X3.tt,crash.q

new bool ns := 0; new bool ew := 0;
if ns != 0 then crash else X4(ew)

SAFE

strategy

- Find minimal (un)safe clipping by BFS
- Optimize: prioritize grow-back for:
 - Conditional nearest crash
 - Assignment to ids in conditionals on crash path



SAFE with 8 grow-backs

button : bool,
wait, crash : com

|-

```
new nat ns := 0 in  
new nat ew . X2(ew) in  
if ns = 1 then crash else X4(ew);
```

```
while 1 do {  
  new nat timer . X5(timer);  
  new nat zebra . X6(zebra);  
  while X7(timer) do {  
    X8(timer,wait);  
    if button then  
      X9(zebra,timer,wait);  
      if X10(timer) then {  
        X11(ew,wait);  
        if ns = 1 then crash else X13(ew) } };  
    ew := 0; if ew = 1 then crash else X16(ns);
```

```
new nat timer . X19(timer);  
new nat zebra . X20(zebra);  
while X21(timer) do {  
  X22(timer,wait);  
  if button then  
    X23(zebra,timer,wait);  
    if X24(timer) then {  
      X25(ew,wait);  
      if ns = 1 then crash else X27(ew) } };  
  ns := 0; if ns = 1 then crash else X30(ns);
```



```
button : bool,  
wait, crash : com  
|-
```

```
new nat ns := 0 in  
new nat ew . X2(ew) in  
if ns = 1 then crash else ew := 1;
```

```
while 1 do {  
  new nat timer := 10;  
  new nat zebra := 0;  
  while timer > 0 do {  
    wait; timer := timer - 1;  
    if button then  
      X9(zebra, timer, wait);  
      if X10(timer) then {  
        X11(ew, wait);  
        if X12(ns) then crash else X13(ew) } };  
    if ew = 1 then crash else X15(ns); X16(ew);
```

variant: UNSAFE with 9
grow-backs

```
new nat timer := 10;  
new nat zebra := 0;  
while X19(timer) do {  
  X20(timer, wait);  
  if button then  
    X21(zebra, timer, wait);  
    if X22(timer) then {  
      X23(ns);  
      if ew = 1 then crash else X15(ns); X16(ew);  
      ns := 0; if
```



button : bool,
wait, crash : com
|-

new nat ns := 0 in
new nat ew := 0 in
if ns = 1 then crash else ew := 1;

while 1 do {
 new nat timer . X5(timer);
 new nat zebra . X6(zebra);
 while X7(timer) do {
 X8(timer,wait);
 if button then
 X9(zebra,timer,wait);
 if X10(timer) then {
 ew := 0; wait;
 if ns = 1 then crash else ew := 1 } };
 ew := 0; if ew = 1 then crash else ns := 1;

cf. ns/ew clipping -
extra detail: good or bad?

new nat timer . X19(timer);
new nat zebra . X20(zebra);
while X21(timer) do {
 X22(timer,wait);
 if button then
 X23(zebra,timer,wait);
 if X24(timer) then {
 ns := 0; wait;
 if ew = 1 then crash else ns := 1 } };
 ns := 0; if ns = 1 then crash else ew := 1;

to do

- **Stumping is useful only if**
 - $\text{model\#}(X(v_1, \dots, v_n)) \ll \text{model\#}(M)$
- **Conditionals over ints have big models**
 - Predicate abstract them?
- **Non-bool stumps have big models**
 - Data abstract them?