

A categorical framework for the quantum harmonic oscillator

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Overview

- ▶ What is categorical quantum mechanics?
- ▶ What is the quantum harmonic oscillator?
- ▶ Constructing the state space categorically
- ▶ Graphical representation
- ▶ Raising and lowering operators
- ▶ Coherent states
- ▶ Exponentials
- ▶ A category of Hilbert spaces?

Categorical quantum mechanics

Traditionally

Categorically

Hilbert spaces and
linear maps

Objects and morphisms
in a category \mathbf{C}

Inner products

Contravariant functor $\dagger : \mathbf{C} \rightarrow \mathbf{C}$,
identity on objects, $\dagger^2 = \text{id}_{\mathbf{C}}$

Tensor product

Symmetric monoidal \otimes on \mathbf{C}

Linearity

\dagger -biproducts \oplus in \mathbf{C}

States

Morphisms $\phi : I \rightarrow A$

Amplitudes

$\text{Hom}_{\mathbf{C}}(I, I)$, always commutative

Symmetric monoidal \dagger -category \mathbf{C} with \dagger -biproducts

Duals?

The quantum harmonic oscillator

Particle in an n -dimensional quadratic potential

State space is symmetric Fock space:

$$F(A) := \mathbb{C} \oplus A \oplus (A \otimes_s A) \oplus (A \otimes_s A \otimes_s A) \oplus \dots$$

Manipulated with raising and lowering operators, for $\phi : I \rightarrow A$:

$$a_\phi : F(A) \rightarrow F(A) \quad a_\phi^\dagger : F(A) \rightarrow F(A)$$

Canonical commutation relations:

$$a_\phi \circ a_\psi = a_\psi \circ a_\phi, \quad a_\phi^\dagger \circ a_\psi^\dagger = a_\psi^\dagger \circ a_\phi^\dagger, \quad a_\phi \circ a_\psi^\dagger = a_\psi^\dagger \circ a_\phi + (\psi^\dagger \circ \phi) \cdot \text{id}_{F(A)}$$

Carries a natural commutative monoid structure

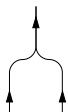
[Blute, Panangaden and Seely, 1994]

Natural isomorphisms: $F(A \oplus B) \simeq F(A) \otimes F(B)$

Internal commutative monoids

Category of internal commutative monoids \mathbf{C}_+

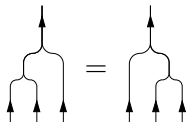
Multiplication and
unit morphisms



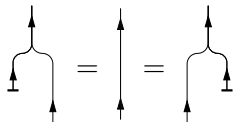
Denoted $(A, g, u)_+$

$$g : A \otimes A \longrightarrow A$$

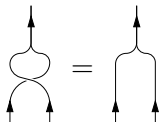
$$u : I \longrightarrow A$$



Associativity law



Unit laws



Commutativity law

Initial object

$$I_+ := (I, \lambda_I, \text{id}_I)_+$$

Coproducts

Terminal object

$$0_+ := (0, 0_{0 \otimes 0}, \text{id}_0)_+$$

Products

Categorical formulation

Problem: how to define our quantum system?

Solution: algebraically!

$$\begin{array}{ccc} \mathbf{C} & \xrightarrow[\text{\(\top\]}{Q \text{ free}} & \mathbf{C}_\times \\ & \xleftarrow[\text{\(R \text{ forgetful})}]{R} & \end{array} \quad \begin{array}{l} F := RQ \text{ is Fock space comonad} \\ \epsilon : RQ \dashrightarrow \text{id}_{\mathbf{C}}, \eta : \text{id}_{\mathbf{C}_\times} \dashrightarrow QR \\ (F(A), d_A, e_A)_\times := Q(A) \end{array}$$

$\epsilon_A : F(A) \rightarrow A$ projects on to *single-particle* space

$e_A : F(A) \rightarrow I$ projects onto *zero-particle* space

What to do with $\dagger : \mathbf{C} \rightarrow \mathbf{C}$?

Introduce compatibility conditions:

- ▶ $F \circ \dagger = \dagger \circ F$;
- ▶ $\epsilon \circ \epsilon^\dagger = \text{id}_{\text{id}_{\mathbf{C}}}$... that is, $\epsilon_A \circ \epsilon_A^\dagger = \text{id}_A$ for all $A \in \text{Ob}(\mathbf{C})$;
- ▶ Products preserved unitarily.

Preserving products unitarily

Unique natural isomorphisms induced in \mathbf{C}_\times :

$$k_{A,B} : Q(A \oplus B) \longrightarrow Q(A) \times Q(B)$$

$$k_0 : Q(0) \longrightarrow I_\times$$

Require $Rk_{A,B}$, Rk_0 unitary in \mathbf{C} :

$$(Rk_{A,B})^\dagger = Rk_{A,B}^{-1}$$

$$(Rk_0)^\dagger = Rk_0^{-1}$$

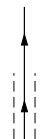
Graphical representations for F, e, d

$$F(A) \quad F(g) \circ F(f) = F(g \circ f)$$

$$d_A : F(A) \longrightarrow F(A) \otimes F(A)$$

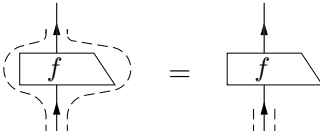
$$e_A : F(A) \longrightarrow I$$

Graphical representation for ϵ, η




$$\epsilon_A : F(A) \longrightarrow A$$

Naturality

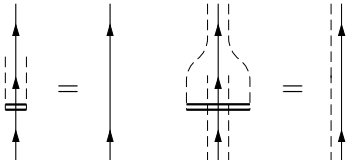


$$\epsilon_A \circ F(f) = f \circ \epsilon_A$$



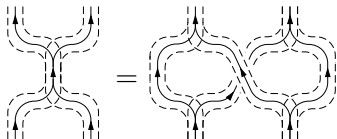
$$R\eta_{(A,g,u)} \times : A \longrightarrow F(A)$$

Adjunction equations

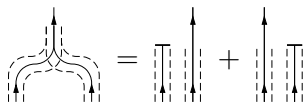


Some emergent properties...

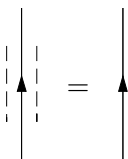
Bialgebra identity



$\epsilon \circ d^\dagger$ identity

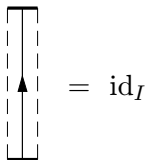


ϵ normalised

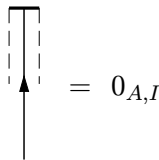


(cheated)

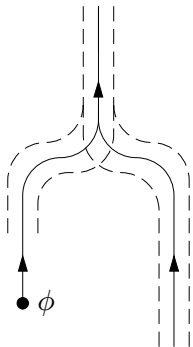
e normalised



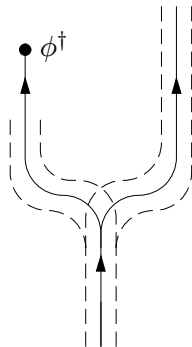
e, ϵ orthogonal



Raising and lowering operators



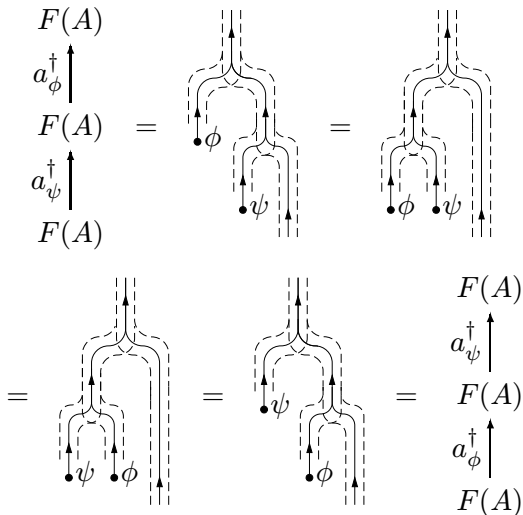
Raising morphism
 $a_\phi^\dagger : F(A) \rightarrow F(A)$



Lowering morphism
 $a_\phi : F(A) \rightarrow F(A)$

Canonical commutator

$$a_{\phi}^{\dagger} \circ a_{\psi}^{\dagger} = a_{\psi}^{\dagger} \circ a_{\phi}^{\dagger}$$



Canonical commutator

$$a_\phi \circ a_\psi^\dagger = a_\psi^\dagger \circ a_\phi + (\phi^\dagger \circ \psi) \cdot \text{id}_{F(A)}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 a_A \circ a_A^\dagger &= \text{Diagram 1} = \text{Diagram 2} && \boxed{\begin{array}{l} \epsilon \circ d^\dagger \text{ identity} \\ \text{Diagram 3} = \text{Diagram 4} + \text{Diagram 5} \end{array}} \\
 &= \text{Diagram 6} + \text{Diagram 7} + \text{Diagram 8} + \text{Diagram 9} \\
 &= \text{Diagram 10} + 0 + 0 + \text{Diagram 11} = a_A^\dagger \circ a_A + \text{id}_A \otimes \text{id}_{F(A)}
 \end{aligned}$$

The diagrams represent morphisms in a braided monoidal category.
 - **Diagram 1:** A crossing of two strands, with the left strand crossing over the right strand.
 - **Diagram 2:** A crossing of two strands, with the right strand crossing over the left strand.
 - **Diagram 3:** A crossing of two strands, with the left strand crossing over the right strand, and a vertical line to the left.
 - **Diagram 4:** A crossing of two strands, with the right strand crossing over the left strand, and a vertical line to the left.
 - **Diagram 5:** A crossing of two strands, with the left strand crossing over the right strand, and a vertical line to the right.
 - **Diagram 6:** A crossing of two strands, with the right strand crossing over the left strand, and a vertical line to the left.
 - **Diagram 7:** A crossing of two strands, with the left strand crossing over the right strand, and a vertical line to the left.
 - **Diagram 8:** A crossing of two strands, with the right strand crossing over the left strand, and a vertical line to the right.
 - **Diagram 9:** A crossing of two strands, with the left strand crossing over the right strand, and a vertical line to the right.
 - **Diagram 10:** A crossing of two strands, with the left strand crossing over the right strand, and a vertical line to the left.
 - **Diagram 11:** Two parallel vertical strands.

Coherent states



Employ $R\eta_{I_\times} : I \rightarrow F(I)$ here

Correspond to *points* $\text{Hom}_{\mathbf{C}_\times}(I_\times, Q(A))$

Have classical properties:

- ▶ Can be copied:

$$d_A \circ \text{Coh}(\phi) = \text{Coh}(\phi) \otimes \text{Coh}(\phi)$$

- ▶ Can be deleted:

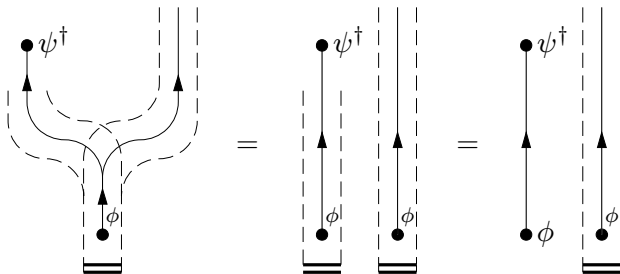
$$e_A \circ \text{Coh}(\phi) = \text{id}_I$$

- ▶ Unchanged by lowering operator:

$$a_\psi \circ \text{Coh}(\phi) = (\psi^\dagger \circ \phi) \cdot \text{Coh}(\phi)$$

Coherent state is eigenstate of a_ψ

$$a_\psi \circ \text{Coh}(\phi) = (\psi^\dagger \circ \phi) \cdot \text{Coh}(\phi)$$



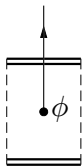
Morphism exponentials

Construct an exponential

$$\exp_{(A,g,u)_+}(\phi)$$

from a state $\phi : I \rightarrow A$ and a commutative monoid $(A, g, u)_+$

Intuition: $\exp_{(A,g,u)_+}(\phi) = \frac{1}{0!} \cdot u + \frac{1}{1!} \cdot \phi + \frac{1}{2!} \cdot g \circ (\phi \otimes \phi) + \dots$



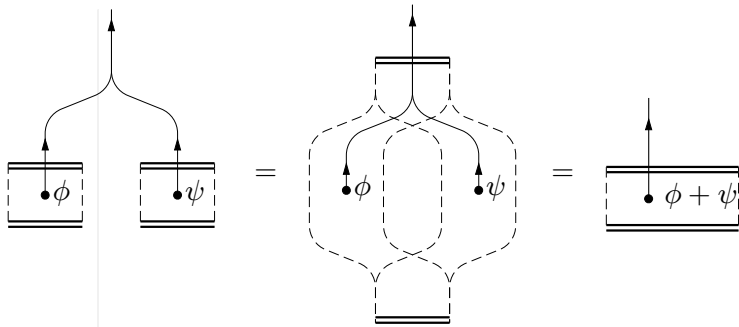
employing

$$\begin{aligned} (R\eta_{(A,g^\dagger,u^\dagger)_\times})^\dagger &: F(A) \rightarrow A \\ R\eta_{I_\times} &: I \rightarrow F(I) \end{aligned}$$

Has the following familiar properties:

- ▶ Additivity: $g \circ (\exp(\phi) \otimes \exp(\psi)) = \exp(\phi + \psi)$
- ▶ Unit: $\exp_{(A,g,u)_+}(0_{I,A}) = u$

Proof of additivity



$\mathbf{C} = \mathbf{Hilb}$?

Need *unbounded* operators (e.g. stages of η, d)

Problem:

Unbounded operators don't always compose!

Suggested solution:

Use inner-product spaces, not Hilbert spaces

Allows a well-behaved set of unbounded operators

Duals? Needed for *operator exponentials*.

Inner Lacks duals

Rel Lacks interesting scalars

FdHilb Lacks free commutative monoid functor

'Not enough room' for duals, interesting scalars and Fock space all at once!

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- ▶ Exponentials
- ▶ A category of Hilbert spaces?